

A leaking skylight has a way of turning a small stain on the ceiling into a very expensive conversation. In North Texas, that conversation often starts after hail, strong wind, or heavy rain exposes a weak point in the roof system. Homeowners usually want a fast answer, and that is understandable. Water inside the house feels urgent. But the smartest next step is not always to patch first and ask questions later.

With skylights, the key issue is rarely just, "Can this be stopped today?" The better question is, "What exactly failed, what does my policy cover, and am I about to spend money on the wrong fix?" That shift in thinking can save you from paying twice, once for a temporary repair and again for a larger correction that could have been handled differently from the start.

Texas insurance guidance is clear on a few points that matter right away. Hail or strong winds can damage roofs. If a storm caused the damage, homeowners should file a claim as soon as possible. It also makes sense to document damage with photos or video, keep damaged items until the insurer says otherwise, and make temporary repairs to prevent additional damage. Reasonable emergency fixes, such as tarping or covering holes, may be covered by the policy. Those are practical rules, and they apply just as much when the water is entering near a skylight as when it is coming through another part of the roof.

The tricky part is that skylight leaks tend to prompt quick assumptions. Some homeowners assume the skylight itself must be replaced. Others assume a dab of sealant will take care of it. In my experience, the best outcomes usually come from slowing down just enough to ask better questions before approving either a repair or a full replacement.

The first question: did a storm cause the leak, or is this wear and age?

That question drives almost everything else, especially in Texas. Insurance will not pay for a new roof just because the old roof is worn out. The loss has to be storm related or otherwise covered under the policy. If the skylight started leaking right after hail or strong winds, that timing matters. If the leak has appeared gradually over time and there is no storm event tied to it, the path forward may look very different.

This is where homeowners sometimes get tripped up. They call a local roofer because water is getting in, and they naturally focus on stopping the leak. That is important, but if the problem may be storm related, you also need to protect your claim. Waiting too long can make the situation harder to sort out. Texas guidance advises filing as soon as possible if hail or wind caused the damage.

That does not mean every skylight leak should become an insurance claim. It means you should know enough, early enough, to make an informed call. If there was a recent storm, ask whether the visible issue appears consistent with hail or wind damage to the roof. Keep that question factual. You are not asking the contractor to decide the claim. You are asking them to explain what they observed.

What should you document before anything gets covered up?

Before temporary materials go up or wet materials get thrown away, document what you can. This is one of the most useful habits a homeowner can develop after a roof problem.

Take clear photos and video of the ceiling stain, wet drywall, drips, flooring damage, and anything else affected indoors. Then, if it can be done safely by a professional, document the roof area and the skylight area outside as well. Keep damaged items until the insurer tells you otherwise. That guidance from Texas applies broadly after

hail or windstorm damage, and it matters because once things are removed, it becomes harder to show what happened.

If you need emergency roof repair to stop active leaking, that is still the right call. Water does not pause while paperwork catches up. Just make sure the temporary work is actually temporary and well documented. Save invoices, take before and [SCR Inc.](#) after photos, and ask for a brief description of what was done. Policies may cover reasonable emergency fixes such as tarping or covering holes, but your insurer will need a record of the work.

A lot of frustration in roof claims comes from poor documentation, not from the damage itself. A short, organized file with date stamped photos, repair receipts, and notes from phone calls can make the process much cleaner.

Questions to ask before you approve a repair

When water comes in around a skylight, it is easy to treat every leak as a one day job. Sometimes it is. Sometimes it is not. Before you sign off on a patch or repair, ask a few direct questions and listen for straightforward answers.

- Do you see signs that the leak may be related to recent hail or strong wind?
- What temporary steps do you recommend right now to prevent further interior damage?
- Should I file an insurance claim before permanent work begins?
- Can you provide photos and a written description of the damaged area?
- Is the proposed work a temporary repair, a permanent repair, or part of a larger roof issue?

Those questions do two things. First, they help you understand whether you are dealing with a short term water control measure or an actual long term solution. Second, they help separate a careful professional from someone who wants an immediate signature.

A dependable local roofer should be comfortable with that conversation. They should not get irritated because you asked for photos or written notes. They also should not promise insurance results they cannot control.

A skylight leak is a roof problem, an insurance problem, and sometimes a timing problem

Homeowners tend to focus on the visible leak, but the decision around repair versus replacement usually lives at the intersection of three issues.

The roof issue is obvious. Water is entering where it should not. The insurance issue matters because policy coverage can change the economics of the job. The timing issue is often overlooked. If active leaking is allowed to continue, the interior damage can grow quickly. If a permanent repair starts too soon, before the damage is documented or the insurer has had a chance to evaluate a storm claim, you may create avoidable complications.

That balancing act is why temporary protection is so valuable. Texas guidance specifically says homeowners should make temporary repairs to prevent more damage. In practice, that means you do not need to choose between protecting the house and preserving the claim. You can do both, as long as you document the condition first when possible and keep records of whatever emergency steps were taken.

When does replacement deserve a serious look?

Replacement becomes a more realistic discussion when the issue is not isolated, when the surrounding roof has broader storm damage, or when the policy and deductible math make a partial fix hard to justify. I am intentionally keeping that broad, because the exact answer depends on facts Texas guidance tells homeowners to verify rather than assume.

Start with your policy. Roof coverage depends on the language in the policy. Some policies pay replacement cost. Others pay actual cash value, which can pay less for older roofs. That difference is not small. On paper, two homeowners can have the same leak after the same storm and end up with very different financial outcomes because their policies work differently.

Then there is the deductible. Wind and hail deductibles can be higher than other deductibles. Many homeowners do not realize this until they are already under stress, which is about the worst moment to discover it. Before you decide whether to patch, repair, or pursue a larger replacement path, verify the deductible that applies. Sometimes the out of pocket cost changes the decision more than the roof work itself.

Replacement also deserves attention if you are already facing a larger roof project for covered storm damage. In that case, it may make sense to think beyond the immediate leak and ask whether more resistant roofing materials are worth considering. Texas advises homeowners to consider materials that are more resistant to wind, hail, or fire when replacing a roof, and some insurers may offer discounts for those materials. That does not mean every homeowner should upgrade automatically. It means replacement is the moment to ask the question.

Why homeowners get into trouble after storms

The period after a storm is when judgment matters most. Roofers are busy, homeowners are stressed, and everyone wants speed. That combination can lead to bad decisions.

Texas advises homeowners to hire a professional roofing contractor, check that the contractor has insurance or a bond, and avoid door to door solicitors after storms. That advice exists for a reason. Storm season often brings a rush of offers that sound confident but skip over the details you actually need.

One of the biggest red flags is when a contractor blurs the line between roofing work and insurance representation. Texas law does not allow a roofer or contractor to act as a public insurance adjuster on a claim if they are also doing the roofing work. That is an important protection for homeowners. Your roofer can inspect, explain damage they observed, provide estimates, and perform the roof work. They should not step into the role of adjusting the claim for you while also taking the job.

That line matters even more with skylight leaks because the damage can feel localized and urgent. Homeowners may be tempted to let one person "handle everything." A better approach is to keep roles clean. Let the insurer handle claim decisions. Let the contractor handle roofing work. Let your own records support both conversations.

Questions to ask your insurer before deciding on repair or replacement

Most homeowners do not call the insurer until they have already formed a plan. I think it is better to call early, especially if hail or wind may be involved. You do not need to know the final scope of work before you ask how your policy applies.

- Is this roof loss likely reviewed under replacement cost coverage or actual cash value, based on my policy?
- What deductible applies if the damage is from wind or hail?
- What documentation do you want from me before permanent repairs begin?

- Are reasonable emergency measures, such as tarping or covering holes, reimbursable under my policy?
- Do you need to inspect before I move from temporary protection to permanent repairs?

That conversation gives you a framework. It also prevents a common mistake, which is assuming all roof claims work the same way. They do not. Two policy terms shape the decision more than almost anything else: valuation method and deductible.

If the leak is clearly active, say so plainly. Tell the insurer you are arranging temporary measures to prevent further damage. That aligns with Texas guidance and shows you are protecting the property rather than letting the loss spread.

The phrase “just patch it” can be expensive

A patch can be the right move. It can also be a very costly shortcut if it distracts from a larger issue. The problem is not the patch itself. The problem is treating a temporary measure like a final answer.

Imagine a homeowner notices dripping around the skylight after a strong windstorm. A crew comes out the same day, performs emergency roof repair, and stops the leak. That is a win for the house. But if no one documents the damage, no one checks whether the event was storm related, and no one verifies the deductible or policy type, the homeowner may lose the chance to make a better informed claim decision.

On the other hand, there are situations where a repair is exactly the practical answer. If the issue is limited, the storm connection is unclear, the policy would not respond, or the deductible makes a claim unrealistic, a well executed repair may be the sensible path. The point is not that replacement is better. The point is that “faster” is not always “smarter.”

Building codes and compliance are part of the conversation

Some roof repair work related to windstorm contexts in Texas must comply with building codes and may require a Certificate of Compliance after inspection. Homeowners often overlook this because they are focused on drying out the ceiling and getting back to normal. But compliance matters, especially if the work is part of a larger storm repair process.

This is another reason to use a professional contractor rather than a casual fix it crew. A legitimate contractor should be comfortable discussing whether any part of the work triggers code related requirements and whether inspections are part of the process. You do not need to become an expert in regulatory paperwork overnight. You just need to know enough to ask whether compliance steps apply to your job.

With skylights, that question is especially fair because Texas roofing guidance specifically includes skylights and advises homeowners to ask the right questions before installing or replacing them. Even though a leak repair is not the same as a new installation, the principle holds. Skylight work should not be treated casually.

If you are leaning toward replacement, make the decision count

A full roof replacement is a major expense even when insurance helps. If you are already at that stage, use the moment well. North Texas homeowners know that roofs are not decorative. They are the home’s first line of defense against wind, rain, and hail. Texas guidance specifically advises homeowners to inspect for missing or damaged shingles after storms for that reason.

That broader roof context matters with a leaking skylight because the skylight does not exist in isolation. If the surrounding roof has storm damage, replacing only the obvious leak area may not address the larger

vulnerability. I would not make that call casually, and neither should a homeowner. Ask for a clear explanation of why the recommendation is repair only, partial work, or full replacement. Good contractors can explain their reasoning in plain language.

If replacement is on the table, also ask about more resistant materials. Texas notes that some insurers may offer discounts for materials with better resistance to wind, hail, or fire. Not every upgrade pays for itself, and discount availability varies. Still, it is a conversation worth having before the contract is signed, not after the new roof is already on.

Choosing the right contractor when the leak feels urgent

Urgency can make anyone less selective. That is human. Water is coming in, the ceiling may be stained, and every forecast starts to feel personal. Even so, this is the moment to slow down just enough to vet who is climbing onto your roof.

A trustworthy local roofer should welcome basic due diligence. Ask whether the company has insurance or a bond. Ask for a written scope. Ask for photos. Ask what work is temporary and what work is permanent. Ask whether they recommend filing a claim promptly if they believe hail or wind caused the damage.

What you are looking for is not theatrical confidence. You are looking for clear boundaries, solid documentation, and answers that match Texas guidance. Be cautious with anyone who pushes you to sign immediately, dismisses your right to contact your insurer first, or implies they will “work the claim” as part of the roofing job. That is not how the process should work.

The practical path for most homeowners

Most skylight leaks in storm season do not need panic. They need order.

Protect the interior and stop active water intrusion with reasonable temporary measures. Document thoroughly before things are cleaned up or covered over, when possible. If hail or strong winds likely caused the problem, file the claim promptly. Verify whether your policy pays replacement cost or actual cash value, and check the wind or hail deductible before making big decisions. Use a professional contractor, avoid door to door pressure after storms, and keep the contractor’s role separate from the insurer’s role.

Once those pieces are in place, the repair versus replacement decision usually gets clearer. Sometimes a targeted repair is the right answer. Sometimes broader replacement makes more sense. Either way, the homeowners who do best are the ones who ask good questions before money changes hands.

A leaking skylight may start as a small stain, but it deserves a careful process. On a North Texas roof, the smartest fix is not only the [SCR Inc case studies](#) one that stops the water. It is the one that fits the damage, fits the policy, and holds up under real scrutiny after the storm has passed.



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